



# Gandaki University

## गण्डकी विश्वविद्यालय

Pokhara, Nepal

www.gandakiuniversity.edu.np

Entrance Examination 2080 (2023)

Bachelor of Arts Bachelor of Law (BALLB)

Symbol No.: .....

Time: 120 minutes

In words:.....

Total Questions: 100

Select the correct answer from the multiple choices.

1. Law of contract is a .....

- (A) Criminal Law (B) Civil Law  
(C) International Law (D) Disputed Law

2. *Lex loci* means .....

- (A) Law of a place (B) Italian laws (C) Domestic laws (D) Latin regulations

3. In *pari delicto* means .....

- (A) Where the petitioner is at fault  
(B) Where both parties to a dispute are equally at fault  
(C) Where the judge is at fault  
(D) Where the lawyer is at fault

4. The Constitution of Nepal, 2072 is the .....

- (A) General Law of Nepal (B) Fundamental Law of Nepal  
(C) Customary Law of Nepal (D) Private Law of Nepal

5. Who is the present Chief Justice of Nepal?

- (A) Hari Krishna Karki (B) Gopal Parajuli  
(C) Cholendra Shamsher JBR (D) Bishowambhar Prasad Shrestha

6. The Supreme Court of Nepal consists of .....

- (A) 14 judges (B) 15 judges (C) 13 judges (D) 21 judges

7. Law of Gravitation lies under .....

- (A) Physical Law (B) Customary Law (C) Imperative Law (D) Conventional Law

8. What is Analytical School?

- (A) The critical analysis of legal decisions  
 (B) A sociological method to analyze legal systems  
 (C) The study of what the law is  
 (D) The study of what law ought to be

9. Who gave this idea that “Law, although vaguely based on some principles of natural law, must be influenced by environment and conditions such as climate, soil, religion, custom, commerce, etc.”?

- (A) Hume (B) Grotius (C) Rousseau (D) Montesquieu

10. “The aim of law is to balance the conflicting interest of society” is the concept of .....

- (A) Austin (B) Roscoe Pound (C) Dugit (D) Max Weber

11. The physical force of the state behind law is called .....

- (A) Compulsion (B) Pain (C) Sanction (D) None of these

12. Nepal opted for a federal form of government because of .....

- (A) Vast territory (B) Cultural integration  
 (C) Linguistic and regional diversity (D) Administrative uniformity

13. Law which deals with crime against the human body, property, reputation against the community and state as a whole is known as .....

- (A) Private Law (B) Criminal Law (C) Imperative Law (D) Civil Law

14. Which law is universal all over the world?

- (A) Human Rights (B) Criminal Law  
 (C) Fundamental Rights (D) Customary Law

15. Substantive law creates .....

- (A) Destruction (B) Disorder  
 (C) Rights and duties (D) Remedies

16. The importance of 'custom' over other sources of law was stressed by the jurists of the -----.

- (A) Analytical school (B) Historical school  
(C) Natural law school (D) None of the above

17. 'Previous judgements shall be upheld' is the principle of -----.

- (A) Stare Decisis (B) Legislation (C) Custom (D) *Obiter dicta*

18. Universities has the authority to make law, which is known as -----.

- (A) Autonomous legislation (B) Supreme legislation  
(C) Municipal legislation (D) Colonial legislation

19. The principle laid down by the Supreme Court is called -----.

- (A) Legislation (B) Precedent (C) President (D) Decision

20. Directive principles of State policy of our Constitution are the best example of -----.

- (A) Perfect right (B) Primary right (C) Positive right (D) Imperfect right

21. A right which enables its holder to compel another person on whom the duty was cast to abide by the terms which he/she has agreed to abide i.e. to compel him/her to do a certain thing is called -----.

- (A) Negative right (B) Primary right (C) Positive right (D) Religious right

22. A citizen's duty to pay the tax in time is -----.

- (A) Positive duty (B) Negative duty (C) Moral duty (D) Relative duty

23. What is the jural correlative of power?

- (A) Disability (B) Liability (C) No right (D) None of them

24. Person means -----.

- (A) Right creating unit (B) Right and duty bearing unit  
(C) Both (D) None of these

25. Which is the first Implemented constitution of Nepal?

- (A) Government of Nepal Act 2004 B.S.  
(B) Interim Government of Nepal Act 2007 B.S.  
(C) Constitution of Kingdom of Nepal 2047 B.S.  
(D) Interim constitution of Nepal 2072 B.S.

26. Whose recommendation is sought for the appointment of the judges of Supreme Court?

- (A) Law Minister (B) Chief Justice  
(C) Attorney General (D) Judicial Council

27. The correct nomenclature of Nepal according to the preamble is .....

- (A) Sovereign, Secular, Democratic Republic  
(B) Federal, Democratic Republican  
(C) Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, Democratic Republic  
(D) Sovereign, Secular, Socialist Democracy

28. The Constitution of Nepal 2072 comprises of .....

- (A) 308 Articles, 35 Parts and 9 Schedules  
(B) 371 Articles, 21 Parts and 11 Schedules  
(C) 372 Articles, 20 Parts and 7 Schedules  
(D) 381 Articles, 23 Parts and 8 Schedules

29. *Ultra vires* refers to .....

- (A) Within power (B) Near powers (C) Back power (D) Beyond powers

30. In which part of the constitution of Nepal 2072, there is a provision of Judiciary?

- (A) 12 (B) 11 (C) 15 (D) 18

31. Which court is called the court of record?

- (A) District Court (B) Supreme Court (C) High Court (D) Special Court

32. The Constitution of Nepal was adopted by the .....

- (A) Attorney General (B) Executive  
(C) Constituent Assembly (D) Parliament

33. Which one among the following is not a fundamental duty of citizens under the Constitution of Nepal?

- (A) To safeguard the nationality, sovereignty and integrity of Nepal, while being loyal to the nation  
(B) To abide by the Constitution and law  
(C) To render compulsory service as and when the State so requires  
(D) To know more and more about the history of Nepal

34. Which of the pairs is correctly matched?
- (A) Republic - Head of the State is hereditary Monarch  
 (B) Sovereign - Constitution rests on people's will  
 (C) Democratic - Constitution does not recognize legal supremacy of another country  
(D) Secular - State is without any religion of its own
35. Chief justice of Nepal is appointed by .....
- (A) President on the recommendation of Judicial Council  
 (B) Prime Minister on the recommendation of Constitutional Council  
 (C) Prime Minister on the recommendation of Constitutional Council  
(D) President on the recommendation of Constitutional Council
36. Untouchability is abolished and its practice is punishable according to .....
- (A) Article 15            (B) Article 16            (C) Article 17            (D) Article 24
37. In which part of the constitution of Nepal 2072, there is a provision of Amendment of Constitution?
- (A) 21                      (B) 25                      (C) 31                      (D) 33
38. Which of the following fundamental right is guaranteed at the Article 20?
- (A) Right to Justice                                      (B) Right to Property  
 (C) Right of Women                                      (D) Right of the Child
39. Basic or Inalienable entitlements or rights are also called .....
- (A) Constitutional Rights                              (B) Legal Rights  
(C) Fundamental Rights                              (D) Supreme Rights
40. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights was declared on .....
- (A) 1969 A.D.            (B) 1966 A.D.            (C) 1948 A.D.            (D) 1951 A.D.
41. From which date the 'Muluki Ain' was replaced by 'National (Muluki) Civil Code' and 'National (Muluki) Penal Code'?
- (A) 2074/6/30            (B) 2075/5/1            (C) 2075/1/1            (D) 2074/6/20
42. National (Muluki) Penal Code and National (Muluki) Civil Code 2074 are the .....
- (A) Specific Law                                      (B) General Law  
 (C) Constitutional Law                              (D) Customary Law

43. By-laws making power granted to the executive by the Legislature is called -----.
- (A) Delegated Legislation (B) Autonomous Legislation  
 (C) Administrative Legislation (D) Supreme Legislation
44. Which School of law is based on “law ought to be” and not “law as it is”?
- (A) Analytical/Positive School (B) Natural School  
 (C) Socialist School (D) Realist School
45. Who is the founder of revival natural law philosophy?
- (A) Kant (B) Stammler (C) Fuller (D) Rawls
46. “The task of law is social engineering” is the concept of -----.
- (A) Dean Roscoe Pound (B) Salmond  
 (C) Bentham (D) Max Weber
47. “The main aim of law is to protect life, liberty and property of an individual” is the concept of -----.
- (A) Aristotle (B) Salmond (C) Plato (D) John Locke
48. “Republic” was the book written by -----.
- (A) Aristotle (B) Socrates (C) Cicero (D) Plato
49. Who and when coined the term “Legal Theory” for the first?
- (A) W. Friedmann in 1945 (B) Socrates in 1945  
 (C) John Rawls in 1945 (D) Plato in 1948
50. Sociological jurisprudence sees law as the product of a socially constructed reality. What does social construction mean?
- (A) An institutionalized invention by participants in a society  
 (B) A fictitious interpretation of reality  
 (C) Apolitically biased interpretation of reality  
 (D) None of above
51. Law made by the legislature - parliament is called -----.
- (A) Decision (B) Legislation/Statute  
 (C) Bill (D) Rules

52. Judicial Committee at local level is headed by -----

- (A) Legal Officer
- (B) Deputy Mayor of Municipality or Deputy head of Rural Municipality
- (C) Mayor of Municipality or President of Rural Municipality
- (D) Secretary of local government

53. Who is the head of state in our country?

- (A) President of Nepal
- (B) Prime Minister
- (C) Finance Minister
- (D) Home Minister

54. How many years did Rana rule in Nepal?

- (A) 205
- (B) 55
- (C) 155
- (D) 104

55. When did First World War take place?

- (A) 1914 A.D.
- (B) 1915 A.D.
- (C) 1917 A.D.
- (D) 1918 A.D.

56. Which of the following words does NOT belong with the others?

- (A) Fair
- (B) Just
- (C) Equitable
- (D) Favorable

57. Which of the following is the correct statement?

- (A) Federalism implies a system of government which embodies a division of powers between a central and a number of regional authorities
- (B) Federalism implies a system of government which embodies a division of powers between Legislature, Executive and Judiciary
- (C) Federalism implies a system of Government which embodies Parliamentary supremacy
- (D) None of these

58. Mr. Ram was severely hurt while working in his factory and fell unconscious. He was rushed to a hospital by his fellow workers. In the hospital (at emergency/casualty ward) the doctors opined that he should be operated immediately. While conducting preliminary examinations, he was found to be HIV positive. The doctors are in a dilemma regarding what should they do first. Which of the following should they do first?

- (A) Doctors should operate first
- (B) Doctors should inform his family members
- (C) Doctors should inform his employers
- (D) Doctors should not inform anyone because it would violate patient's right of privacy

59. Match the schedule-I and II and choose the appropriate answer.

**Schedule-I**

- i. Republic
- ii. Secular
- iii. Democracy

**Schedule-II**

- 1. State does not recognize any religion as religion of the state
- 2. The government which gets authority from the will of the people
- 3. Head of the state is elected by the people

- (A) i-3, ii-1, iii-2      (B) i-2, ii-1, iii-3      (C) i-3, ii-2, iii-1      (D) i-1, ii-2, iii-3

60. In a joint family, A, B, C, D, E, and F are the members. B is the son of C. A and C are husband and wife. C is not the mother of B. E is the brother of C. D is the daughter of A and F is the brother of B. Who is the mother of B?

- (A) C is the mother of B      (B) A is the mother of B  
(C) E is the mother of B      (D) D is the mother of B

61. If BALL is 211212 and WALL is 2311212, what is HELL?

- (A) 2111212      (B) 211212      (C) 851212      (D) None of these

62. Which one of the following is not a planet?

- (A) Neptune      (B) Uranus      (C) Pluto      (D) Venus

63. Find the odd one out:

- (A) Kidney      (B) Heart      (C) Liver      (D) Skin

64. Which of the following spelling is correct?

- (A) Concensus      (B) Consencus      (C) Consensus      (D) Consensus

65. There are 30 boys and 40 girls in a class. If the average age of boys is 10 years and average age of girls is 8 years, then the average age of the whole class is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) 8.00 years      (B) 8.85 years      (C) 8.20 years      (D) 9.00 years

66. The cube root of 0.000216 is \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) 0.6      (B) 0.06      (C) 0.006      (D) 0.066

67. What is the lowest common multiple of 24, 36 and 40?

- (A) 120      (B) 240      (C) 360      (D) 480



68. In mathematics and computer programming, which is the correct order of mathematical operators?

- (A) Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division
- (B) Division, Multiplication, Addition, Subtraction
- (C) Multiplication, Addition, Division, Subtraction
- (D) Addition, Division, Modulus, Subtraction

69. Play is to actor as concert is to .....

- (A) Symphony
- (B) Piano
- (C) Percussion
- (D) Musician

70. What is the essential part of the word 'Autograph'?

- (A) Athlete
- (B) Actor
- (C) Signature
- (D) Pen

71. Which of the following chemical is commonly known as laughing gas?

- (A) Nitrous oxide
- (B) Helium
- (C) Nitric Oxide
- (D) Nitric Acid

72. The most malleable metal is .....

- (A) Platinum
- (B) Silver
- (C) Iron
- (D) Gold

73. What is the full form of BIMSTEC?

- (A) Bay of Bengal Initiative for Multi-Sectoral Technical and Economic Cooperation
- (B) Bilateral Investment multi-purpose sectoral technical and economic cooperation
- (C) Bilateral Investment mutual technical and economic cooperation
- (D) None of above

74. Who is the current Chief Minister of Gandaki Province?

- (A) Prithvi Subba Gurung
- (B) Khagaraj Adhikari
- (C) Surendra Raj Pandey
- (D) Krishna Chandra Pokhrel Nepali

75. URL in web stands for .....

- (A) Uniform Resource Locator
- (B) Unified record locator
- (C) Unified reference laboratory
- (D) Uniform record language

76. How many local level governments are there in Gandaki Province?

- (A) 11
- (B) 85
- (C) 86
- (D) 87

77. Who introduced the 'Divya Upadesh' in Nepali history?

- (A) Jay Prithvi Bdr. Singh
- (B) Ram Shah
- (C) Kalu Pandey
- (D) Prithvi Narayan Shah

78. What was the total number of tigers in Nepal according to 2023 A.D. count?

- (A) 355                      (B) 350                      (C) 455                      (D) 450

79. Who is the present richest person of the world?

- (A) Bill Gates              (B) Mukesh Ambani      (C) Elon Musk              (D) Mark Zuckerberg

80. What is the full form of FIFA?

- (A) Federation Internationale De Football Association  
 (B) Federal International Fifa Association  
 (C) Federation International Football Academy  
 (D) None of Above

81. The antonym of 'Luminous' is .....

- (A) Bright                      (B) Soft                      (C) Dim                      (D) Clear

82. The last sound in the word 'push' is transcribed as .....

- (A) /tʃ/                      (B) /z/                      (C) /s/                      (D) /ʃ/

83. I hate people tearing my books. Its passive form is .....

- (A) I hate being torn my books.                      (B) I hate having my books torn.  
 (C) I hate being torn my books by people.      (D) I hate being my books torn.

84. I prefer coffee \_\_\_\_\_ tea.

- (A) to                      (B) than                      (C) from                      (D) by

85. Between 2000 and 2005, she wrote three novels, \_\_\_\_\_ were published.

- (A) none of which      (B) none which              (C) neither of which      (D) Both A and C

86. Identify the correct spelling.

- (A) Accqaintance      (B) Acquaintance      (C) Acquaintance      (D) Acquaintance

87. What is the meaning of the phrasal verb 'to be above board'?

- (A) to be honest and not trying to deceive anyone  
 (B) to have a good height  
 (C) to be free from debts  
 (D) looking beautiful

88. Find the correct order to make the sensible paragraph.

P : One evening when he sat down to dine, the dog rushed into the room.

Q : He used to give the dog a piece of meat from his plate.

R : One plate was for him, and the other was for his dog.

S : And dropped a piece of cheese into his plate and another piece of cheese into his master's plate.

T : A man who was living alone always had two plates on the dinner table.

(A) RPSQT            (B) SQPRT            (C) QPSRT            (D) TRQPS

89. How many syllables do you find in the word 'Congratulation'?

(A) 4                    (B) 5                    (C) 6                    (D) 7

90. In question below is given a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.

**Statement:** "If you trouble me, I will slap you." - A mother warns her child.

**Assumptions:**

I. With the warning, the child may stop troubling her.

II. All children are basically naughty.

(A) Only assumption I is implicit            (B) Only assumption II is implicit  
(C) Either I or II is implicit            (D) Neither I nor II is implicit

91. No sooner had the president left the palace ----- the bomb exploded.

(A) then            (B) when            (C) than            (D) none of the above

92. When the teacher ----- into the classroom, he started teaching.

(A) entered            (B) had entered            (C) gets entered            (D) enters

93. Krish will be ----- heir of the palace.

(A) a            (B) an            (C) the            (D) no article

94. Dilmaya was honest, ----- she was accused of theft.

(A) therefore            (B) despite            (C) although            (D) however

95. Which of the following is an example of an offer?

(A) I will open the door if you like.  
(B) Would you mind opening the door, please?  
(C) Open the door.  
(D) Hey, open the door.

96. Had she gone early, she ----- the bus.

- (A) won't miss (B) wouldn't miss  
(C) wouldn't have missed (D) would have missed

97. Peter did not want to shoot the elephant. He watched him pulling branches with his trunk and eating the fresh green leaves, with the preoccupied grandmotherly air that an elephant has. It seemed to him that it would be murder to shoot him. He never shot an elephant and never wanted to as it feels worse to kill large animals. Besides, he had to consider the elephant's owner. But he had got to act quickly. He turned to some tribe people who had been there and asked about the elephant. They said, "The elephant will not harm you if you leave him alone, but he might charge if you went too close to him."

What does the phrase 'preoccupied grandmotherly air' signify?

- (A) calm, dignified and affectionate outlook  
 (B) pretending to be busy  
 (C) an arrogant outlook  
 (D) pretending to be angry

98. He got his father ----- a taxi.

- (A) call (B) to call (C) called (D) calling

99. She never visits any zoo because she is strong opponent of the idea of -----.

- (A) setting the animals free into forest.  
 (B) feeding the animals while others are watching.  
 (C) going out of the house on a holiday.  
(D) holding the animals in captivity for our joy.

100. The woman said to her husband, 'May you die soon'. The indirect form of this sentence is -----.

- (A) The woman cursed her husband to die soon.  
 (B) The woman curses her husband that he might die soon.  
 (C) The woman wished her husband's death.  
 (D) The woman prayed her husband's death.

*All the best !!!*